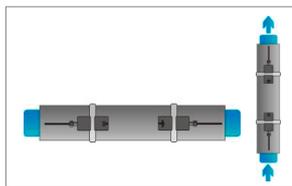
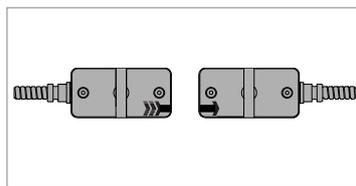


Step 1: Measurement Point and Pipe Preparation

- Avoid installation of sensors in the vicinity of deformations and pipe defects, near welding seams or where deposits could have accumulated.
- Select a measuring point with sufficient straight pipe to obtain accurate measurements. Please consult the manual for the recommended distances from sources of disturbance.
- For a horizontal pipe, mount the sensors on the side of the pipe. For a vertical pipe, mount the sensors at a location where the liquid flows upwards (Pic. 1).
- Mount the sensors in the direction of the flow (Pic. 2).
- Clean the pipe at the measurement point. Remove loose paint and rust with a wire brush or file.
- Apply coupling paste to the face of the clamp-on sensors before attaching them to the pipe.

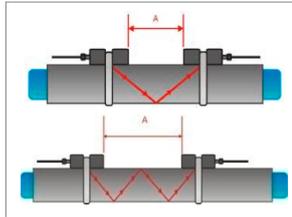


1. Mounting points

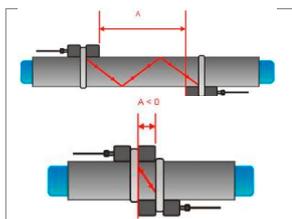


2. Flow direction

Sensor Mounting Configuration



3. Reflection mode (from above)



4. Diagonal mode (from above)

Reflection Mode

The flowmeter uses an even number of passes. This is the most convenient mounting arrangement, as the transducer separation distance can be measured very easily and the sensors can be accurately aligned. Use whenever possible (Pic. 3).

Diagonal Mode

Signal travels on an odd number of passes through the pipe. A single pass can be used for larger pipes and for dirty/aerated liquids where greater signal attenuation can occur. The sensor distance on this mounting configuration can be negative (sensors overlapping) (Pic. 4).

Step 2: Keyboard Familiarisation



- Show **NEXT** (1) available item
- **Q ON** (2) = Start totaliser function
- Show next **DISP**lay (3)
- **Q OFF** (8) = Stop totaliser function
- **DIRECT** (9) access to trend plot
- Move menu/selection item **UP**
- Move menu/selection item **DOWN**
- **ESC**ape entry without saving
Switch device **OFF** (press > 2 sec.)
- **ENTER** selection with saving
Switch device **ON** (press > 2 sec.)

Step 3: Quick Start Menu and Setup Wizard

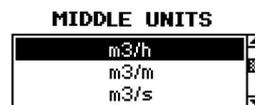
- The flowmeter can be prepared for measurement with the **Setup Wizard** as found in the **Quick Start** menu.



At first power on and the boot sequence, the **Main Menu** is displayed. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor keys to select **Quick Start** and confirm by pressing **ENTER**.



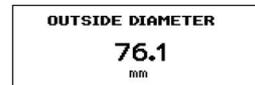
Select **Setup Wizard CH1** to set up the measurement channel 1, or **CH2** for channel 2. Confirm selection by pressing **ENTER**. If the sensors are recognised, the serial number will be shown. If not, the type can be selected.



Select the main measurement unit using the cursor keys and confirm with **ENTER**. This unit will be displayed in the middle of the measurement screen. Selecting **OFF** deactivates the measurement channel.



Select the pipe material using the cursor keys and confirm with **ENTER**.



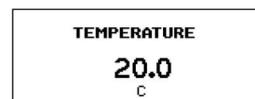
Enter the outer pipe diameter using the keypad and confirm with **ENTER**. Use **UP** key as backspace to correct for entry errors. If "0" is entered and confirmed, an additional screen appears that allows entry of the circumference. Press **ENTER** to confirm.



Enter pipe wall thickness using the keypad and confirm with **ENTER**. Use **UP** key as a backspace to correct for entry errors.



Select fluid using cursor keys. Confirm by pressing **ENTER**.



Enter the fluid temperature using the keypad. Confirm by pressing **ENTER**. Use **UP** key as a backspace to correct for entry errors.



Select pipe liner material using cursor keys and confirm by pressing **ENTER**. If a liner material is chosen, an additional screen appears that allows entry of liner thickness.

Step 3: Quick Start Menu and Setup Wizard (continued)

- Select number of sound passes (sound paths) using cursor keys.
- **Auto**: Selection by flowmeter according to entered parameters (number of passes shown later on *Sensor Positioning Screen*).



- 1: 1 pass (diagonal mode)
- 2: 2 passes (reflection mode)
- 3: 3 passes (diagonal mode)
- 4: 4 passes (reflection mode) etc.

- Even number of passes: Both sensors on same side of pipe (see pic. 3).
- Odd number of passes: Sensors on opposite sides (see pic. 4). Confirm with **ENTER**. The second channel can now be prepared by selecting **Setup Wizard CH2**.

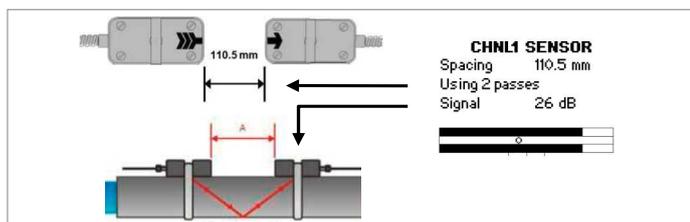
QUICK START



Select **Start Measurement** and confirm with **ENTER** to start the sensor positioning procedure. When both channels have been activated, the procedure for **CH2** follows the one of **CH1**.

Sensor Positioning Screen

- Mount the transducers with the suggested spacing between the sensor heads. This distance has been determined by the flowmeter on the basis of the entered parameters.
- Use the displayed number of passes to install the sensors on the correct side of the pipe (see pictures 3 and 4).
- Observe the upper bar (signal-to-noise ratio) and lower bar (signal quality). These should be both filled to about the same level with a filling level of around 1/3 or more desired.



5. Sensor positioning screen

- Use the cursor between the two signal bars for the fine adjustment of the sensor position. With correct pipe parameters entered and the sensors mounted at the suggested spacing, the mark should be near the central indication line (see three lines below the bottom signal bar).
- If the mark is to the left-hand side of the central indication line, the sensors are too close to each other. If the mark is to the right, the sensors are too far apart. Slide one sensor carefully along the pipe to bring the mark into a more central position. Measurements can be obtained when the mark is between the left and right indication line. Press **ENTER** to start measurement.

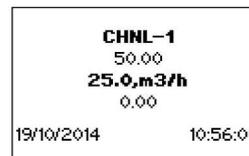
Measurement Screen



The main measurement unit is displayed when first entering the measurement screen. Press **MUX** to switch between channels 1 and 2. Press **NEXT** to cycle through the three line display, totaliser and dual measurement screens.

- Two further measurement units can be assigned to the three line screen by going to **Main Menu - Output - Display - Channel 1/ Channel 2**.

Totaliser



The totaliser is shown when in measurement mode after pressing **NEXT** twice. It can also be assigned to the three line display, datalogger or process outputs by selecting a quantity as the unit.

- The totaliser function is started with **Q_{ON}** when in measurement mode (measurement screen displayed). Pressing **Q₊** resets the total in positive flow direction. Pressing **Q₋** resets the total in negative flow direction. The totaliser function can be stopped with **Q_{OFF}**.
- Pressing **Q_{ON}** again will reset the positive, negative and overall totaliser. Change displays without resetting the totaliser by pressing **DISP** or **NEXT**.

Internal Datalogger

- The datalogger is reached via **Main Menu - Output**. It is activated in **Datalogger - Interval** by entering and confirming a non-zero value and selecting units to be recorded.
- Enter "0" and confirm to disable the logger. Up to ten measurement units can be selected for logging under **Datalogger - Selection**.
- Use the cursor keys to highlight a unit and press **ENTER** to select it. Press "0" to deselect it.
- An activated datalogger is indicated by a "document" symbol in the top left corner of the display. On start of measurement (measurement screen displayed) the logger records the selected measurement units.
- A blinking "document" symbol indicates a recording datalogger. Separation markers are set by the datalogger whenever a session begins.
- Leave the measurement screen by pressing **ESC** to stop recording.
- The recording interval can be changed in **Datalogger - Interval**. The datalogger is cleared using **Datalogger - Log Erase**. Ensure all required data has been downloaded.

Wall thickness gauge (WTG) (optional)

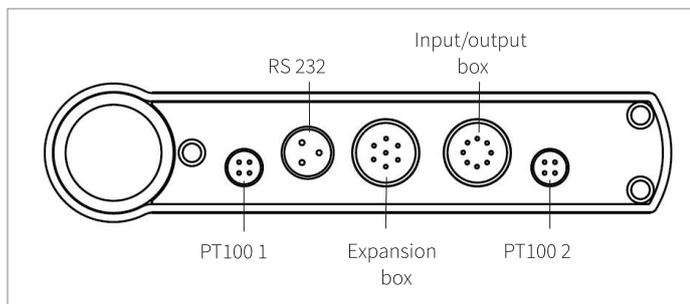


Optional sensor probes to measure pipe wall thickness are available. Ensure the correct pipe material is selected. Connect to the sensor input (Channel 1) and select **Start Measurement**.

- The flowmeter will recognise the probe and display the measurement screen. Wall thickness will be shown when the sensor is in good acoustic contact with the pipe.

Heat Quantity Measurement (where specified)

- The KATflow 230 is capable of measuring heat flow and heat quantity.
- To measure heat flow, select a heat flow unit (W, kW, MW) as **Middle Unit** when going through the **Setup Wizard** of the selected measurement channel.
- To measure heat quantity, select a heat quantity unit (J, kJ, MJ).
- On selection of one of these units, the flowmeter requests the entry of the specific heat capacity of the medium in [J/(g.K)]. Enter the value of the fluid and confirm with **ENTER**. Complete the remaining steps of the **Setup Wizard**.
- The temperatures at the inlet and outlet of the monitored system are used to determine heat flow and heat quantity.
- Connect the supplied PT100 temperature sensors to the bottom of the flowmeter by plugging them into the left and right sockets (Pic. 6).



6. Bottom connectors

- After setting up the flow measurement channel go to **Main Menu - In/Output**, in order to assign the PT100 inputs to the channel.
- Use the cursor keys to select **PT100 4 WIRE** and confirm with **ENTER**.
- On the next screen, use the cursor keys to select the flow channel to which the temperature input is applied. Choose **Channel 1** or **2**. Selecting **OFF** will disable the input. Confirm with **ENTER**.
- On the following screen choose **PT100** to use the temperature measured on the pipe. To enter a fixed temperature value, select **User** and enter the value.
- Define whether the PT100 sensor measures the inlet or outlet temperature. Use the cursor keys to select as appropriate and confirm with **ENTER**.
- On the next screen a temperature offset can be applied. After confirming again with **ENTER** the meter returns to the **Main Menu**.
- Once the setup of the first temperature input has been completed, repeat these steps for the configuration of the second input.

Medium at 25 °C (unless stated differently)	Specific Heat Capacity [J/(g.K)]
Ethanol (0 °C)	2.30
Ethylene glycol (100 %)	2.36
25 % Ethylene glycol/75 % water (26.7 °C)	3.85
30 % Ethylene glycol/70 % water (26.7 °C)	3.41
50 % Ethylene glycol/50 % water (26.7 °C)	3.77
65 % Ethylene glycol/35 % water (26.7 °C)	3.11
R22 refrigerant* (30 °C)	6.60
R134a refrigerant*	8.87
Mineral oil	1.67
Water	4.18

* Liquid under pressure

Temperature and Flow Measurement

- For separate measurement of flow and temperature select a flow unit as **Middle Unit** in the **Setup Wizard**. Complete the wizard and then go to **Main Menu - In/Output**.
- In the **In/Output** menu assign the temperature input to channel 1, and select **Inlet** or **Outlet** from the menu.
- In the **Display** menu set the **Top Line** or **Bottom Line** to either **Tin** or **Tout** depending on the previous selection.
- In the **Datalogger** menu select either **Tin** or **Tout** from the list of variables depending on the previous selection.
- When measuring, the flowmeter will be logging the PT100 input and can be viewed by pressing **1/NEXT** on the keypad.
- This data can also be assigned to a process output in the **In/Output** menu following the same process.

Process Outputs: Setup

- Configured process outputs can be set up in **Main Menu - In/Output**:
 - **RELAY OUT** (relay output)
 - **I OUT ACTIVE** (0/4 ... 20 mA)
 - **PULSE OUT** (open-collector)
 can be selected.
- After selecting an output, it can be assigned to a measurement channel. Selecting **OFF** disables the output.
- On the next screen, the unit that will appear on the output can be selected.
- The type of output will determine the remaining screens.

Process Outputs: Connection

- Process outputs can be connected to third party devices using the dedicated input/output box. This connects to the KATflow 230 via a circular plug which is found on the bottom of the flowmeter (Pic. 6).
- The illustration below gives an overview of the output terminal allocation.

OUTPUT TYPE	TERMINAL BLOCKS	CONNECTION
I OUT ACTIVE	1	+
I OUT ACTIVE	2	GDN
I OUT ACTIVE	3	+
I OUT ACTIVE	4	GDN
RELAY OUT	5	N/O
RELAY OUT	6	GDN
PULSE OUT	7	N/O
PULSE OUT	8	GDN

7. Input/output box, connection terminals